Homework 0

Due: Wednesday, August 31, at 11am.

This is a "callibration" homework (for both of us). This homework, unlike the others, must be done individually. It is worth a ε -fraction of your grade, where $\varepsilon > 0$ is a insignificantly small. Please give this assignment a serious effort but don't let it ruin your day. **Pro-tip:** cheating on this assignment makes the class harder.

1. (Matrices.)

- a. Given matrices $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ and $B \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$, show $\operatorname{tr}(AB) = \operatorname{tr}(BA)$.
- b. Given a square symmetric matrix $C \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, show $\operatorname{tr}(C) = \sum_{i} \lambda_{i}$, where λ_{i} is the *i*th eigenvalue of C.
- 2. (Cauchy-Schwarz.) The Cauchy-Schwarz inequality says that every pair of vectors $a, b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ satisfy $|a^{\top}b| \leq ||a|| ||b||$ (and there are more general versions).
 - a. Given reals (c_1, \ldots, c_k) , show

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \frac{c_i}{i} \le \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^k c_i^2}.$$

(**Note:** if you are ambitious, the $\sqrt{2}$ can be replaced with $\pi/\sqrt{6}$.)

- b. Prove the following inequality which is similar to Cauchy-Schwarz: $|a^{\top}b| \leq ||a||_1 ||b||_{\infty}$, where $||a||_1 = \sum_i |a_i|$ and $||b||_{\infty} = \max_i |b_i|$.
- 3. (Geometric puzzle.) Consider the following game: you are given a set of points in the plane, and you must either establish that for every subset there exists an axis-aligned rectangle which contains just the points in that subset (and avoids the points outside the subset), or you must prove that this is impossible.
 - a. First find a set of 4 points such that the game is impossible; namely, find a set of 4 points in the plane and a subset of them and then prove that that any axis-aligned rectangle containing the subset must also contain some other points. (Feel free to include a scan of a hand-drawn figure.)
 - b. Next find a set of 4 points in the plane where the game is successful: show that every subset can be exactly captured by some axis-aligned rectangle.
 - c. Now prove that for any (distinct) set of 5 points, the game must fail.

Congratulations! You have proved the VC-dimension of axis-aligned rectangles is 4. (I realize this makes the question google-able; please see the "pro-tip" above.)

(**Hints.** (1b) Real square symmetric matrices always have real eigenvalues and eigenvectors. (3c) Take *any* five (distinct) points, and consider their bounding box.)